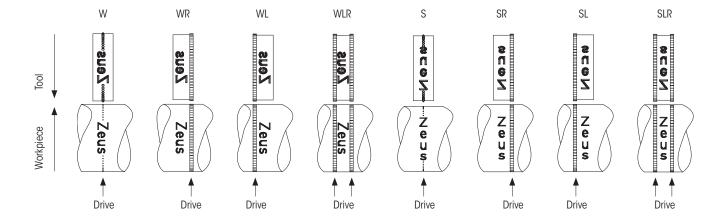
## Revolving system

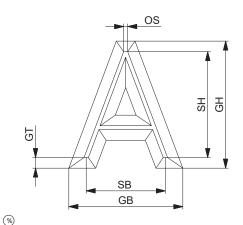


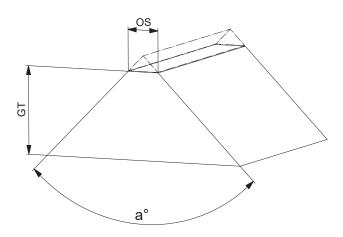
## Marking roll specifications

- 1. Typefaces
- The standard typeface is based on DIN 1451 (Other typefaces available on request)
- A .dxf file is needed for logos and special characters
- 2. Possible marking types | drives
- To ensure continuous rotation of the tool, a drive is needed, which can be custom designed (logo, backslash, asterisks, number signs, etc.) and removed by means of reworking (cutting off, finish machining, bevelling, etc.)



- 3. Character height/ embossing depth
- The standard flank angle is 90° (Other flank angles available on request)
- Minimum character height: 0.8 mm
- Maximum character height: Depending on the roll width all standard sizes are possible
- The character height is measured on the offset (see figure below)
- Standard embossing depth: 0.35 mm





 $a^{\circ}$  = flank angle

GT = embossing depth

GB = embossing width

GH = embossing height

SB = character width

SH = character height

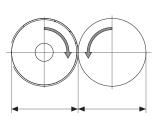
OS = offset

## Revolving system



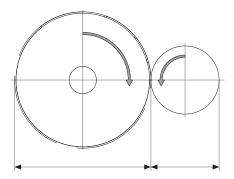


4. Diameter ratio: Marking roll – workpiece ■ The diameter of the marking roll is dependent on the workpiece diameter



Marking roll  $\emptyset$  : Workpiece  $\emptyset$  i = 1:1

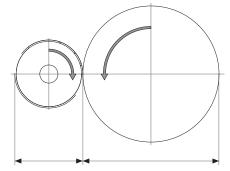
i = 1



Marking roll Ø: Workpiece Ø

i = n : 1

i > 1



Marking roll Ø: Workpiece Ø

i = 1 : n

i < 1

## Practical guidance

- 1. Preparation of workpiece
- The surface must be clean
- Perfect concentricity is essential (0.03 mm)
- The diameter of the workpiece must be very precise (max. tolerance: +/- 0.025 mm)
- 2. Impression depth
- The standard impression depth is 0.075 mm relative to the radius/ 0.15 mm relative to the diameter
- Impression depths exceeding the recommended maximum values may cause character distortions
- 3. Marking as part of the machining process
- The position of the drive on the workpiece should be taken into account during the machining process
- There is a danger that weak parts of the workpiece are deformed during marking.

We recommend marking to be carried out on the strong parts of the workpiece and/or before the critical machining steps